

ARTIFLEX® Myopia PIOL | European Multicenter Study

The European clinical investigation of the ARTIFLEX® design Myopia began in January 2003. Twenty-three investigator sites have participated in the prospective nonrandomized study. The enrollment phase continued till September 2006, after which 1000 ARTIFLEX® lenses were implanted. All study subjects were monitored for a period of two years to determine the safety and efficacy of the device. The data of the first 350 implantations meeting the inclusion criteria are published in Ophthalmology*, and presented here.

Study Group

Netherlands: J. G. F. Worst, B. Christiaans, M. Luger, M. Landes, G. P. M. Luyten, R. Nuijts; Belgium: C. Budo, H. Termote; France: F. Malecaze, E. Hachet; Germany: H. B. Dick, T. Kohnen; Greece: G. Georgariou; Portugal: A. Marinho, F. Loureiro; Saudi Arabia: M. A. El Danasoury; Slovakia: M. Izak; South Africa: F. Potgieter, J. Venter; Spain: J. L. Guell, J. Menezo; Switzerland: R. Spirig; Tunisia: S. Mahjoub.

Study Inclusion Criteria

- Axial myopia requiring correction from -2.0 D to -12.0 D
- Preoperative endothelial cell count ≥ 2000 cells / mm^2
- Anterior chamber depth ≥ 3.2 mm from epithelium
- Scotopic pupil size ≤ 7.0 mm
- Preoperative cylinder ≤ 2.0 D (subjective refraction)
- Preoperative intraocular pressure ≤ 21 mmHg
- Age between 18 and 60 at the time of the surgery

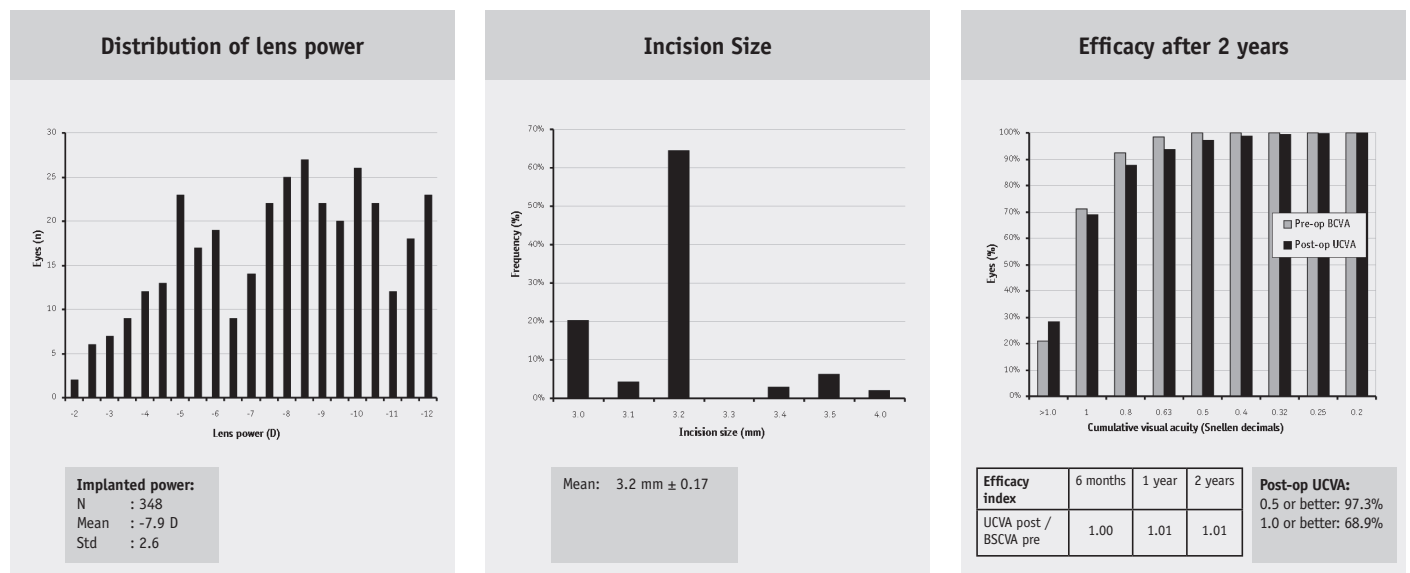
* Dick HB, Budo C, Malecaze F, Güell JL, Marinho AA, Nuijts RM, Luyten GP, Menezo JL, Kohnen T.

Foldable Artiflex phakic intraocular lens for the correction of myopia: two-year follow-up results of a prospective European multicenter study Ophthalmology 2009; 116(4):671-7.

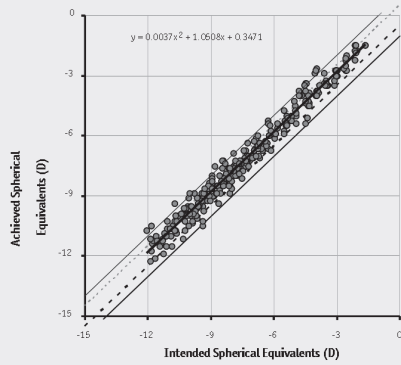
DEMOGRAPHICS

Eyes (N)	348
Age @ OP	35.43 years (range 19 to 57)
Gender	60.1% female 39.9% male
Eye	50.9% left 49.1% right
ACD	3.66 mm (range 3.20 to 4.79)
Axial length	25.88 mm \pm 1.46 (range 21.74 to 31.33)
Pupil size (scotopic)	5.67 mm \pm 0.91 (range 2.10 to 7.00)
Spherical equivalent	-7.23 D \pm 2.65 (range -1.50 to -12.63)
Cylinder	-0.66 D \pm 0.51 (range 0 to -2.0)
Incision size	3.20 mm \pm 0.17 (range 3.0 to 4.0)

FIGURES

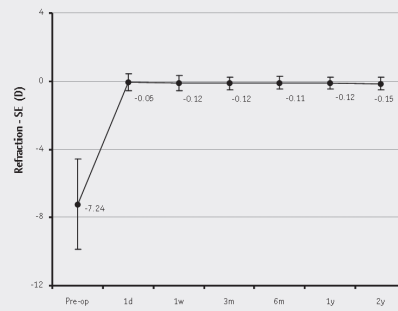


Intended vs achieved after 2 years



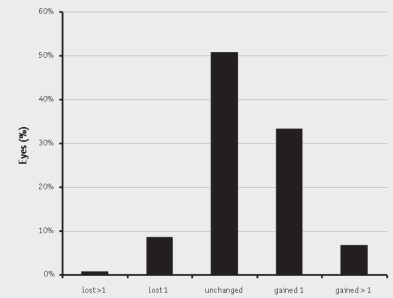
Deviation from target:
 ≤ 0.5 D: 77.5%
 ≤ 1.0 D: 95.0%

Stability of refraction



Refraction stable from 1 day to 2 years post-op

Lines gained / lost (Safety) after 2 years

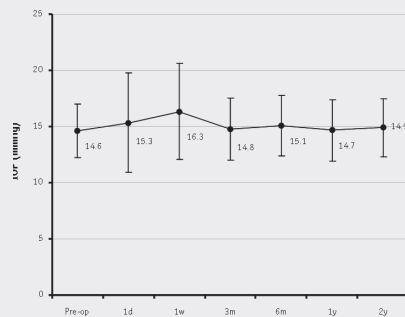


Safety index	6 months	1 year	2 years
BSCVA post / BSCVA pre	1.09	1.11	1.10

Post-op BSCVA:
0.5 or better: 100%
1.0 or better: 86.7%

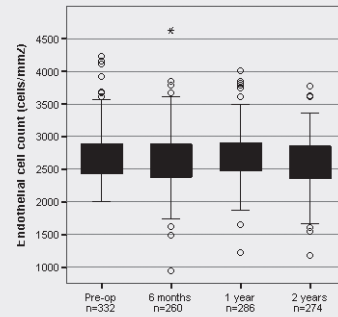
Unchanged or lines gain: 90.8%

Intraocular Pressure



IOP after 2 years comparable to pre-op

Endothelial Cell Count



Endothelial cell change, paired analysis:
pre-op - 6 months -0.50%
pre-op - 1 year 1.64%
pre-op - 2 years -0.50%

Persistent complications after 2 years:

Glare	3.2%
Halo's	2.5%
Pigment deposits	4.4%
Non pigment deposits	1.3%
Synechia	1.0%

Cumulative complications during study:

Lens replacement	0.3% (n=1)
Lens repositioning	1.4% (n=5)
Laser redo	0.9% (n=3)
Claw through iris	0.3% (n=1)
Urrets-Zavalía syndrome	0.3% (n=1)